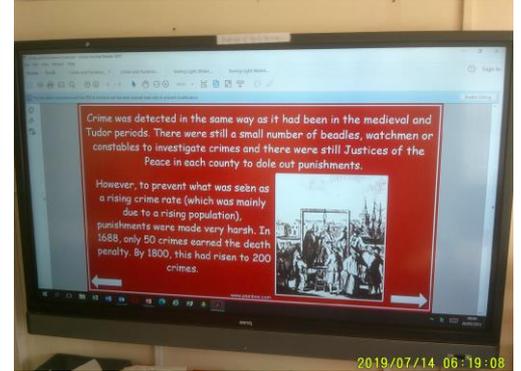


Outcomes:

History

I can explain how crime and punishment has changed since Roman times.

I can explain crime and punishment in the early modern period



This half-term we have been looking at the history of crime and punishment in Britain. We started off with the Roman times, where the first real organised attempt at punishing crimes in Britain was first introduced. We have then moved through the Anglo Saxon and Viking Periods, through the Norman, medieval and Tudor periods before moving onto the more modern era of Victorian times. This week we have been looking at how more and more crimes were committed from the 17th century onwards, some of this was to do with an ever growing population and some of it due to the fact that the people were getting poorer and more desperate. The children have learnt that in 1688 fifty crimes were punishable by death but by the early 1800's there were over 200 crimes that would receive the death penalty. These included cutting down a small tree, stealing 5 shillings and even damaging Westminster Bridge; the children were shocked. We will finish the unit by looking at the Victorian times and then making comparison with how crime and punishment is dealt with in the 21st century. The children also visited the old Goal house in King's Lynn to see some real life torture devices and learn more about this fascinating subject.

Quotes:

Punishments were much harsher in Tudor times.

That's not fair, she would be a witch or die drowning!

I can't believe they gave the death penalty for so many crimes.



Category	Definition	Illustration
Witness	A person who sees an event, such as a crime, and gives evidence.	
Victim	A person harmed, injured or killed as a result of a crime, accident, or other event.	
Judge	A person who has been chosen to decide cases in a law court.	
Jury	A group of people, including a judge and jury, who come together and decide on whether people are guilty or not according to the law.	
Crime	The action or crime of breaking the law.	
Theft	The action or crime of stealing something you do not own.	
Murder	The act of killing someone deliberately and by violence.	
Execution	The act of being put to death as punishment for breaking the law.	
Pillory	A wooden frame with holes for the head and hands where someone would be forced to stand for lengths of time and be embarrassed in public, sometimes having things thrown at them.	
Exile	To be sent away from the home country forever and never allowed to come back.	

Constance Worrell was married in Anglesseaon trees

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Category	Definition	Illustration
Poacher	A poacher is someone who goes on private land and kills animals or steals fish.	
Smuggler	A smuggler is someone who sends items in the country with out paying taxes.	
Highwayman	A highwayman is someone who steals from rich people because they were travelling on the roads.	
Smuggling	Smuggling became more common because the rich had less money and some people could afford to pay the taxes for the items.	

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