

E	Benchmark	Key indicators of success	What is in place/needs to be in place	Who /when
1. A stable careers programme	Every school and college should have an embedded programme of career education and guidance that is known and understood by students, parents, teachers, governors and employers.	 Every school should have a stable, structured careers programme that has the explicit backing of the senior management team, and has an identified and appropriately trained person responsible for it. The careers programme should be published in a way that enables pupils, parents, teachers and employers to access and understand it. The programme should be regularly evaluated with feedback from pupils, parents, teachers and employers as part of the evaluation process. 	approved by governors and added to	 Form the Future (Youmna) meet with pupils. Dates in calendar. Debra Baker (new independent careers advisor) to hold initial meetings with pupils – creating action plans, focus on Yr 11 – Spring 1
2.Learning from career and labour market information	Every student, and their parents, should have access to good quality information about future study options and labour market opportunities. They will need the support of an	 By the age of 14, all pupils should have accessed and used information about career paths and the labour market to inform their own decisions on study options. Parents should be 	Wisbech School to work with Form the Future and local colleges to ensure that pupils can access careers fairs, college open days. These days to form part of the curriculum at the school	 Debra to inform pupils of up-to-date career and labour market information as part of sessions CAG to support pupils to organise work

	informed adviser to make	encouraged to access and	Keyworkers to keep parents	experience placements
	best use of available	use information about	informed of upcoming events	for Year 10 (w/b:
	information.	labour markets and	that are not in school time and	<mark>07/07/25)</mark>
		future study options to	feedback about visits in school	
		inform their support to	time	
		their children.	• The curriculum to be planned to	
			ensure that all pupils have the	
			necessary information to	
			choose qualifications that will	
			ensure they are able to access a	
			chosen career or to keep their	
			options open to career choices	
			Work experience placements to	
			be offered as either a block	
			placement or as part of their	
			weekly bespoke timetable	
3.Addres	Students have different	• A school's careers	Pupils' views to be taken into	• CAG to ensure database
sing the	career guidance needs	programme should actively	account, but independent	has pupils' destinations
needs of	at different stages.	seek to challenge	advice to be offered to ensure	<mark>from last 3 years kept.</mark>
each	Opportunities for advice	stereotypical thinking and	that pupils are sufficiently	 JES to support with this
student	and support need to be	raise aspirations.	challenged in their aspirations	
	tailored to the needs of	 Schools should keep 	 A careers database to be held that has an overview of 	
	each student. A school's	systematic records of the individual advice given to	discussions with each pupil.	
	careers programme	each pupil, and subsequent	Individual documents are kept	
	should embed equality	agreed decisions.	of each session. This database	
	and diversity	All pupils should	to be used to track destination	
	considerations	have access to	information	
	throughout.	these records to	 A careers database to keep 	
		support their	track of pupils' destinations for	
		career	3 years after they leave school.	
		development.	This to be shared with LA.	

		 Schools should collect and maintain accurate data for each pupil on their education, training or employment destinations. 		
4.Linki ng curric ulum learni ng to career s	All teachers should link curriculum learning with careers. STEM subject teachers should highlight the relevance of STEM subjects for a wide range of future career paths.	 By the age of 14, every pupil should have had the opportunity to learn how the different subjects help people to gain entry to, and be more effective workers within, a wide range of careers. 	 Teachers of ALL subjects to make pupils aware of the importance of these subjects in future career options. This is also to explored more fully during employability sessions. Teachers to display posters of career pathways from their subject college course in their classrooms and on communal boards. 	 CAG to provide posters for subject staff by end of May half term – for all subjects
5. Encou nters with emplo yers and emplo yees	Every student should have multiple opportunities to learn from employers about work, employment and the skills that are valued in the workplace. This can be through a range of enrichment activities including visiting speakers, mentoring and enterprise schemes.	 By the age of 16, every pupil should have had at least one meaningful encounter with an employer EVERY year they are at school 	 To arrange an annual careers day with speakers and visitors to allow pupils to gain a better understanding of the workplace and the potential career paths open to them 	 CAG to arrange a careers day to take place in Autumn 1. CAG to organise an annual careers day and invite visitors

6. Experi ences of work places	Every student should have first-hand experience of the workplace through work visits, work shadowing and or work experience to help their exploration of career opportunities, and expand their networks	 By the end of year 11, all students must have had a meaningful experience of a workplace by the end of the year 	 Pupils to experience the workplace environment to understand the context in which they could one day be working. 	 CAG/NAF to arrange work experience placements for year 10 pupils during Summer 2
7. Encou nters with furthe r and higher educat ion	All students should understand the full range of learning opportunities that are available to them. This includes both academic and vocational routes and learning in schools, colleges, universities and in the workplace	 By the time pupils leave the school they will have had Meaningful encounters with sixth form colleges Been provided with information about the full range of apprenticeships Meaningful encounters with general further education colleges Meaningful encounters with independent training providers Meaningful encounters with independent training providers 	 Careers provision should cover further and higher education as well as potential professions. Pupils should have encounters with these organisations whilst at school It should be planned to take pupils to visit colleges and universities. 	 CAG to plan for a college AND university visit with pupils year 8-11 Summer 2 .

8. Personal Guidance	Every student should have opportunities for guidance interviews with a career adviser, who could be internal (a member of school staff) of external, provided they are trained to an appropriate level. These should be available whenever significant study or career choices are being made	 By the end of year 11, all pupils will have had an interview with a professional and impartial careers advisor 	 Every student should have opportunities for guidance interviews with a career adviser, who could be internal or external, provided they are trained to an appropriate level. Wisbech School work with Form the future, and external agency. Youmna provides pupils with at least one guidance interview each year. 	
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