Title: SEND Policy



# Cambian Scarborough School SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS AND DISABILITIES POLICY

# **Legal Status:**

Policy No: OFSCH 27.01

- Complies with Part 6, paragraph 24 (3) (b) of The Education (Independent School Standards Compliance Record) (England) (Amendment) Regulations.
- Part 3 of the Children and Families Act 2014 and associated regulations including the Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014, relevant to the Code of Practice and relating to children and young people with special educational needs (SEN) and disabilities.
- Prepared with regard to the Equality Act 2010, the Public Sector Equality Duty 2011, Race Relations Act 1976, Race Relations Amendment Act 2000, Sex Discrimination Act 1986, Children's Act 1989 and Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001

## Applies to:

- the whole school along with all activities provided by the school, including those outside of the normal school hours;
- All staff (teaching and non-teaching), the Governors and volunteers working in the school.

#### **Related documents:**

- Inclusion Policy
- Curriculum Policy
- Assessment Policy
- · Gifted and Talented
- English as an Additional Language Policy

#### **Availability**

This policy is made available to parents, staff and pupils in the following ways: via the School website, and on request a copy may be obtained from the School Office.

# **Monitoring and Review:**

- This policy will be subject to continuous monitoring, refinement and audit by the Headteacher.
- The Proprietor undertakes an annual review of this policy and of the efficiency with which the related duties have been discharged, by no later than one year from the date shown below, or earlier if changes in legislation, regulatory requirements or best practice guidelines so require.

Signed: Date: January 2018

Patricia Peake Headteacher Chris Strong

Managing Director of Education, Cambian Group

John



#### **Principles**

The school aims to identify pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) at the earliest opportunity and offer appropriate provision. Our School seeks to offer pupils with Special Educational Needs full access to a broad and balanced curriculum. There is a whole school approach, which involves all staff, in understanding how children learn and supporting pupils with Special Educational Needs. All staff have a responsibility to differentiate lessons to cater for individual learning needs. Parents/guardians and pupils will be involved fully in the process of the planning and delivery of support. It is the policy of Our School that pupils who have been accepted into the school will be offered appropriate support to enable them to access the curriculum effectively and fulfil their potential. We are an inclusive school, determined to meet the needs of all our pupils. Our school has a clear approach to identifying and responding to SEN. We recognise the benefits of early identification – identifying need at the earliest point and then making effective provision improves long-term outcomes for the child or young person. All our pupils will have access to a broad and balanced curriculum. The National Curriculum Inclusion Statement states that teachers will set high expectations for every pupil, whatever their prior attainment. Teachers at our school will use appropriate assessment to set targets which are deliberately ambitious. We will identify potential areas of difficulty will be identified and addressed at the outset. Lessons will be planned to address potential areas of difficulty and to remove barriers to pupil achievement.

By planning in this way, our pupils with SEN and disabilities will be able to study the full national curriculum. The quality of teaching for pupils with SEN, and the progress made by pupils, will be a core part of our school's performance management arrangements and its approach to professional development for all teaching and support staff. School leaders and teaching staff, including the SENCO, will identify any patterns in the identification of SEN, both within our school and in comparison with national data, and use these to reflect on and reinforce the quality of teaching. The identification of SEN will be built into the overall approach to monitoring the progress and development of all pupils.

### Interpretation

As part of its commitments under articles 7 and 24 of the United Nations Convention of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the UK Government is committed to inclusive education of disabled children and young people and the progressive removal of barriers to learning and participation in mainstream education. The Children and Families Act 2014 secures the general presumption in law of mainstream education in relation to decisions about where children and young people with SEN will be educated and the Equality Act 2010 provides protection from discrimination for disabled people. Independent schools are required to follow the *Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years: Statutory guidance for organisations who work with and support children and young people with special educational needs and disabilities (DfE and Department for Health: 2014).* 

A pupil has SEN where their learning difficulty or disability calls for special educational provision, namely provision different from or additional to that normally available to pupils of the same age. Making higher quality teaching normally available to the whole class is likely to mean that fewer pupils will require such support. Within the context of the pupils who might require additional support at our school include:

- pupils with specific learning differences e.g. dyslexia, dyspraxia
- the gifted and talented
- pupils with hearing and/or visual impairment
- pupils with specific physical and medical conditions

The following are quotes from famous dyslexics;

"I see some things clearer than other people do because I have to simplify things to help me and that has helped others." Richard Branson



"Writing and spelling were always terribly difficult for me. I was an extraordinarily bad speller and have remained so until this day." Agatha Christie

"The secret of getting ahead is getting started." Agatha Christie

"If you can dream it, you can do it." Walt Disney

"I am not discouraged because every wrong attempt discarded is another step forward." Thomas Edison

"Everybody is a genius. But if you judge a fish by its ability to climb a tree, it will live its whole life thinking it's stupid." Albert Einstein

"I barely made it through school. I read real slow. But I like to find things that nobody else has found, like a dinosaur egg that has an embryo inside. Well, there are 36 of them in the world, and I found 35." Dr. John R. Horner (Palaeontologist)

Our school regularly reviews and evaluates the quality and breadth of the support we can offer or can access for children with SEN or disabilities. We also consider our duties, as they apply to us as an independent school, under The Equality Act 2010. We give careful consideration in advance to what disabled children and young people we can accommodate in our independent school. The senior management staff and Headteacher will regularly review how expertise and resources used to address SEN can be used to build the quality of whole-school provision as part of their approach to school improvement.

#### **Equality Act 2010**

Our school has a duty under the Equality Act 2010 towards individual disabled children and young people. We will make reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services for disabled children, to prevent them being put at a substantial disadvantage. We give prior thought to what disabled children and young people might require and what adjustments might need to be made to prevent that disadvantage. Our school has a duty to prevent discrimination, to promote equality of opportunity and to foster good relations.

## **Aims and Objectives**

Our school's Special Educational Needs policy provides a framework for the provision of teaching and support for pupils with learning difficulties. The framework refers to entitlement, access and partnership. Although we aim to make provision for identified Special Educational Needs, it may not always be possible to do so within the school's resources. In such cases the Headteacher and the pupil's parents would be informed. Where a concern has been raised, any special needs or disabilities will be identified at the earliest possible opportunity. The assessment process will involve partnership with all those concerned with the pupil, including parents/carers, teachers and other professionals. The pupil's views will also be sought. The aims of this policy are:

- to create an environment that meets the special educational needs of each pupil;
- to ensure that the special educational needs of pupils are identified, assessed and provided for;
- to make clear the expectations of all partners in the process;
- to identify the roles and responsibilities of staff in providing for pupil's special educational needs;
- to enable all pupils to have full access to all elements of the school curriculum;
- to ensure that parents are able to play their part in supporting their pupil's education;
- to ensure that our pupils have a voice in this process.

In order to meet these aims, our objectives are:

- to ensure pupils with learning needs are identified as early as possible;
- to assess the pupil to identify specific areas of difficulty;



- to ensure all peripatetic staff are aware of the pupil's needs and are able to meet those needs within the school setting;
- to ensure pupils' records include information relating to their individual needs, interventions and outcomes;
- to assist staff in modifying curriculum to meet the pupil's needs within the classroom and provide training programmes when required;
- to ensure that no pupil with learning needs or disability is discriminated against on the basis of his/her disability;
- to work in partnership with parents, guardians and the pupil themselves in providing appropriate support and advice.

#### **Admission Arrangements**

Pupils entering the school will normally have a baseline assessment. This includes English, Mathematics and Cognitive Abilities. If a pupil has already been identified as having learning needs, relevant reports should be brought to the family interview. If necessary the Headteacher will meet the pupil and talk to parents. Pupils with additional needs will be admitted if the school can offer appropriate support. However, every effort will be made to accommodate a pupil with Learning Needs.

## Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo) Also please refer to the SENCo job description.

The Headteacher has appointed a co-ordinator for special educational needs known as a Special Education Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo). The current SENCo is Michelle Monteith. The SENCO who has an important role to play in determining the strategic development of SEN policy and provision in our school has day-to-day responsibility for the operation of SEN policy and co-ordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEN, including those who have EHC plans.

#### The SENCO:

- provides professional guidance to colleagues and will work closely with staff, parents and other agencies
- oversees the records for all pupils with special educational needs;
- liaises with and advising fellow staff;
- liaises with parents of pupils with special educational needs;
- works with external agencies, professionals and specialist tutors as appropriate;
- monitors Individual Educational Plans, as and when required;
- supports staff in developing strategies to meet effectively the learning needs of all pupils at our school;

#### **Learning Support Assistants (LSA)**

We also use LSAs to work with various pupils either individually or in the classroom. We believe that good collaboration between teachers and support staff is essential to ensure maximum progress for our pupils. As part of inclusion we believe that pupils should receive assistance with their peers within their classrooms, therefore as much as possible the majority of our pupils receive assistance during normal lesson times within their normal classroom setting in order that they can access the curriculum along with the rest of their class.

# What Scarborough School does:

In practical situations at our school we do what is necessary to enable children and young people to develop, learn, participate and achieve the best possible outcomes. Our school recognises emerging difficulties arising with young people and respond promptly. We understand parents know their children best and we place stress great importance when parents express concerns about their child's development. We listen to and address any concerns raised by children themselves.

The model of action and intervention in our school is a graduated approach to help children who have Special Educational Needs. Our approach recognises that there is a continuum of special educational needs and that,



where necessary, increasing specialist expertise should be brought to bear on the difficulties that a child or young person may be experiencing.

When a child who has an Education, Health and Care (EHC) Plan joins our school, we will always consult with parents and, where appropriate, the Local Authority to ensure that the required curriculum is provided for as set out in the Education, Health and Care (EHC) Plan, including the full National Curriculum if this is specified. We will also co-operate with the Local Authority to ensure that relevant reviews, including the annual review, are carried out as required by regulation and best practice. The school will make reasonable adjustments to meet the needs of children with an EHC Plan. Any additional services that are needed to meet the requirements of the EHC Plan or additional services such as dyslexic tuition will be subject to charge. This will be either directly to the parents, or the Local Authority if they are responsible for the fees and our school is named in the Education, Health and Care (EHC) Plan.

We have arrangements in place to support children with SEN or disabilities. We have developed a clear approach to identifying and responding to SEN. We recognise the benefits of early identification, identifying need at the earliest point, and then making effective provision, improves long-term outcomes for children. We have a focus on inclusive practice and removing barrier to learning, therefore special educational provision in our school is underpinned by high quality teaching which is differentiated and personalised, and is compromised by anything less. It is our aim to know precisely where children with SEN are in their learning and development. We:

- ensure decisions are informed by the insights of parents and those of children themselves;
- · have high ambitions and set stretching targets for them;
- track their progress towards these goals;
- keep under review the additional or different provision that is made for them;
- promote positive outcomes in the wider areas of personal and social development, and
- ensure that the approaches used are based on the best possible evidence and are having the required impact on progress.

Teachers are responsible and accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class, including where pupils access support from teaching assistants or specialist staff. High quality teaching, differentiated for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEN. Additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching. Our school will regularly and carefully review the quality of teaching for all of our pupils, including those at risk of underachievement. This includes reviewing and, where necessary, improving, teachers' understanding of strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils and their knowledge of the SEN most frequently encountered. In deciding whether to make special educational provision, the teacher and school SENCO will consider all of the information gathered from within our school about the pupil's progress, alongside national data and expectations of progress. This will include high quality and accurate formative assessment, using effective tools and early assessment materials. For higher levels of need, our school will have arrangements in place to draw on more specialised assessments from external agencies and professionals.

Improving outcomes: high aspirations and expectations for children and young people with SEN in our school All children and young people are entitled to an education that enables them to make progress so that they can:

- achieve their best;
- become confident individuals living fulfilling lives, and
- make a successful transition into adulthood, whether into employment, further or higher education or training

Our school will identify and address the SEN of the pupils that we support. Our school must:

use our best endeavours to make sure that a child with SEN gets the support they need – this means doing
everything our school can to meet children and young people's SEN;



- ensure that children and young people with SEN engage in the activities of our school alongside pupils who do not have SEN;
- designate a teacher to be responsible for co-ordinating SEN provision the SEN co-ordinator, or SENCO
- inform parents when they are making special educational provision for a child;
- prepare an SEN information report and our arrangements for the admission of disabled children, the steps being taken to prevent disabled children from being treated less favourably than others in our school, the facilities provided to enable access to our school for disabled children and our accessibility plan showing how we plan to improve access progressively over time.

## **Identification of Pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities**

The identification of SEN will be built into the overall approach to monitoring the progress and development of all pupils. The quality of teaching for pupils with SEN, and the progress made by pupils, will be a core part of our school's performance management arrangements and its approach to professional development for all teaching and support staff. The Headteacher and teaching staff, including the SENCO, will identify any patterns in the identification of SEN, both within our school and in comparison with national data, and use these to reflect on and reinforce the quality of teaching. All our pupils will have access to a broad and balanced curriculum. The National Curriculum Inclusion Statement states that teachers will set high expectations for every pupil, whatever their prior attainment. Teachers at Scarborough School will use appropriate assessment to set targets which are deliberately ambitious. We will identify potential areas of difficulty will be identified and addressed at the outset. Lessons will be planned to address potential areas of difficulty and to remove barriers to pupil achievement. By planning in this way, our pupils with SEN and disabilities will be able to study the full national curriculum. Where a pupil is identified as having SEN, our school will take action to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place.

The identification of pupils with special educational needs and disabilities can be:

- on entry when specific needs are identified and recorded as part of the entrance/transition process;
- by staff recognition of a pupil whom they perceive as having difficulties or specific needs in their particular curriculum area;
- by staff referring a pupil who is experiencing emotional/behavioural problems;
- through discussion with external professionals such as. doctors, counsellors, therapists and also
- through concern expressed by parents.

Our school will assess each pupil's current skills and levels of attainment on entry, building on information from previous settings and key stages where appropriate. At the same time, we will consider evidence that a pupil may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 and, if so, what reasonable adjustments may need to be made for them. Class and subject teachers, supported by the senior leadership team, will make regular assessments of progress for all pupils. These assessments will seek to identify pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. This can be characterised by progress which:

- is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline
- fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress
- fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers
- widens the attainment gap

It can include progress in areas other than attainment – for instance where a pupil needs to make additional progress with wider development or social needs in order to make a successful transition to adult life. The first response to such progress will be high quality teaching targeted at their areas of weakness. Where progress continues to be less than expected the class or subject teacher, working with the SENCO, will assess whether the child has SEN. While informally gathering evidence (including the views of the pupil and their parents) our school will not delay in putting in place extra teaching or other rigorous interventions designed to secure better progress, where required. The pupil's response to such support can help identify their particular needs. For some



children, SEN can be easily identified at an early age. However, for other children and young people difficulties become evident only as they develop. All those who work with children and young people will be alert to emerging difficulties and respond early. In particular, parents know their children best we place great importance when parents express concerns about their child's development. Additionally we will also listen to and address any concerns raised by children and young people themselves.

Our school will always be alert to other events that can lead to learning difficulties or wider mental health difficulties, such as bullying or bereavement. Such events will not always lead to children having SEN but it can have an impact on well-being and sometimes this can be severe. Scarborough School will ensure that we make appropriate provision for a child's short-term needs in order to prevent problems escalating. Where there are long-lasting difficulties our school shall consider whether the child might have SEN. Whilst slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEN and will not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as having SEN, they may be an indicator of a range of learning difficulties or disabilities. Equally, our school will not assume that attainment in line with chronological age means that there is no learning difficulty or disability. Some learning difficulties and disabilities occur across the range of cognitive ability and, left unaddressed may lead to frustration, which may manifest itself as disaffection, emotional or behavioural difficulties.

Identifying and assessing SEN for children or young people whose first language is not English requires particular care. Our school will look carefully at all aspects of a child or young person's performance in different areas of learning and development or subjects to establish whether lack of progress is due to limitations in their command of English or if it arises from SEN or a disability. However difficulties related solely to limitations in English as an additional language are not classed as SEN. When reviewing and managing special educational provision the broad areas of need and support our school will review how well-equipped we are to provide support across these areas. This gives an overview of the range of needs that will be planned for. The purpose of identification is to work out what action we will need to take, and crucially not to fit a pupil into a category. In practice we recognise individual children or young people often have needs that cut across all these areas and their needs may change over time. For instance speech, language and communication needs can also be a feature of a number of other areas of SEN, and children and young people with an Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD) may have needs across all areas, including particular sensory requirements. A detailed assessment of need will ensure that the full range of an individual's needs is identified, not simply the primary need. The support provided to an individual will always be based on a full understanding of their particular strengths and needs and seek to address them all using well-evidenced interventions targeted at their areas of difficulty and where necessary specialist equipment or software.

Children and young people with speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) have difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. The profile for every child with SLCN is different and their needs may change over time. They may have difficulty with one, some or all of the different aspects of speech, language or social communication at different times of their lives. Children and young people with ASD, including Asperger's Syndrome and Autism, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others. Support for learning difficulties may be required when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs. Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning. This encompasses a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

#### **Assess**

In identifying a child as needing provision which is 'additional to and different from' other learners in the same class, the class teacher, working with the school SENCO, will carry out a clear analysis of the pupil's needs. Before provision is planned for, expected individualised outcomes will be identified. This will draw on the teacher's



assessment and experience of the pupil, their previous progress and attainment, as well as information from our school's core approach to pupil progress, attainment, and behaviour. It will also draw on other subject teachers' assessments where relevant, the individual's development in comparison to their peers and national data, the views and experience of parents, the pupil's own views and, if relevant, advice from external support services. Our school will take seriously any concerns raised by a parent. These will be recorded and compared to the school's own assessment and information on how the pupil is developing. This assessment will be reviewed regularly. This will help ensure that our support and intervention are tailored to need, barriers to learning are identified and overcome, and that a clear picture of the interventions put in place and their effect is developed. For some types of SEN, the way in which a pupil responds to an intervention can be the most reliable method of developing a more accurate picture of need.

## **Involving Specialists**

Where a pupil continues to make less than expected progress, despite evidence-based support and interventions that are matched to the pupil's area of need, we will consider to begin involving specialists, including those secured by our school itself or from outside agencies. Our school may involve specialists at any point to advise them on early identification of SEN and effective support and interventions. We will always involve a specialist where a pupil continues to make little or no progress or where they continue to work at levels substantially below those expected of pupils of a similar age despite evidence-based SEN support delivered by appropriately trained staff. The pupil's parents will always be involved and consulted in any decision to involve specialists. The involvement of specialists and what was discussed or agreed will be recorded and shared with the parents and teaching staff supporting the child in the same way as other SEN support. Where our assessments have indicated that support from specialist services is required, it is important that children and young people receive it as quickly as possible.

#### **Access to the Curriculum**

All pupils have an entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum, which is differentiated to enable them to:

- understand the relevance and purpose of learning activities;
- experience levels of understanding and rates of progress that bring feelings of success and achievement.

Teachers use a range of strategies to meet pupil's special educational needs. Lessons have clear learning objectives; we differentiate work appropriately, and we use assessment to inform the next stage of learning. Individual Education Plans, which employ a small-steps approach, feature significantly in the provision that we make in the school. By breaking down the existing levels of attainment into finely graded steps and targets, we ensure that pupils experience success. We support pupils in a manner that acknowledges their entitlement to share the same learning experiences that their peers enjoy.

# Partnership with parents

Our school works closely with parents in the support of those pupils with special educational needs. We encourage an active partnership through an on-going dialogue with parents. Parents have much to contribute to our support for pupils with special educational needs.

#### **Pupil participation**

In our school we encourage pupils to take responsibility and to make decisions. This is part of the culture of our school and relates to pupils of all ages. Pupils are involved at an appropriate level in setting targets in their IEPs. Pupils are encouraged to make judgements about their own performance against their PPP targets and daily targets. We recognise success here as we do in any other aspect of school life.

# Monitoring and evaluation

The SENCo supports teachers, where necessary, in drawing up IEPs for pupils. The Headteacher reviews this policy annually and considers any amendments in the light of the annual review findings.



## **Complaints**

Parents are encouraged to discuss any concerns with the pupil's class teacher, SENCo or the Headteacher.

## **Disability Discrimination Act**

The whole raison d'être of our school is whenever possible to provide for pupils who have a disability - albeit a hidden one - and to enable them to realise their potential. We would always consider admitting any pupil - no matter what accompanying disabilities they have providing we are confident that we are able to meet their special educational needs. In the light of the Disability Discrimination Act we have carefully considered what we might do to make our building more accessible to those who have a physical disability.

This Policy will be reviewed annually