Policy No: OFSCH 22.01 Title: PSHE Policy





Great Dunmow School Personal, Social, and Health Education (PSHE)

Legal Status:

• Complies with Part 1, Paragraph 2 (2) (vi) and Part 2, paragraph 5 of The Education (Independent School Standards Compliance Record) (England) (Amendment) Regulations.

Applies to:

• the whole school inclusive of activities outside of the normal school hours; all staff (teaching and support staff), the proprietor and volunteers working in the school.

Related Documents:

- · The Teaching and Learning Policies
- The Safe Guarding Policies; Child Protection and Anti-Bullying
- Spiritual Moral Social and Cultural Policy
- Personal Social Health and Economic Education and Citizenship Programme
- Sex and Relationship (SRE) Policy
- Equality and Diversity Policy
- Inclusion Policy
- Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy

Availability:

This policy is made available to parents, carers, staff and pupils from the school office.

Monitoring and Review:

This policy will be subject to continuous monitoring, refinement and audit by the Headteacher.

The Headteacher will undertake a formal annual review of this policy for the purpose of monitoring and of the efficiency with which the related duties have been discharged, by no later than one year from the date shown below, or earlier if significant changes to the systems and arrangements take place, or if legislation, regulatory requirements or best practice guidelines so require.

Signed:

CaGibbs

Carrie-Ann Gibbs

Headteacher

Date: September 2025





PSHE education and citizenship in our school encompasses all areas designed to promote children's personal, social and health development. It allows children to build the knowledge, skills and understanding they need to stay healthy and safe, develop worthwhile relationships, respect differences, improve independence and responsibility, make the most of their own abilities and those of others. It has strong links with Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural Values, and the National Healthy Schools programme.

Personal: The personal aspects of PSHE education look to develop the whole individual. It supports the progression of qualities and skills children already have. Through becoming aware of their own emotions and how to manage them, children can feel empowered to deal with the challenges that life can bring. This also supports their independence and the capacity to take responsibility for their actions.

Social: The social element focuses on cohesion in both the school and wider community. It aims for children to live alongside one another regardless of race, sex, disability or faith and to judge all people fairly and equally. Children learn to value each other's individuality and explore issues such as bullying including racist, homophobic and cyberbullying. Sex and relationships is also a crucial part of social and health education to ensure that children have the information and understanding to make informed choices.

Health: Health education aims to promote an understanding of a range of issues which impact upon lifelong health. It deals with promoting the importance of a balanced diet twined with physical activity to ensure a high level of physical and mental wellbeing. It also covers issues such as substance and alcohol abuse and the impacts this can have on the individual and others around them.

Economic: Economic education aims to teach children about the economy and how to manage their personal finance. It aims to provide children with knowledge and tools to improve their economic wellbeing and the ability to deal with the financial decisions they must make in the future.

Aims

Great Dunmow School recognises that the personal and social development of pupils is increasingly a major aim of education. Far from being on the fringes, PSHE education is at the heart of everything that takes place in a school. As the children grow up they will begin to encounter more and more people from all walks of life, and it pays to be furnished with a global view of a world which is ever breaking down the boundaries and distances between its different cultures and beliefs. Universities cry out for children who are more 'rounded' and work places of all shapes and sizes advertise for candidates who can show good 'interpersonal skills' and an 'understanding of the needs of those around them.' We comply with the Education Act of 1996 which requires all (maintained) schools to provide a balanced and broadly based curriculum that:

- promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils
- prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life.

Great Dunmow School embraces this as the backbone of its PSHE education philosophy. With all this in mind, the PSHE education programme aims to instill an understanding in all the pupils that academic success is not sufficient on its own for success. PSHE education is essentially concerned with the education of the whole person rather than with the knowledge that person needs. PSHE education is also intended to complement classroom teaching in that it assists other bodies in the school in monitoring and assisting with the development of the emotional and social well-being of children. The aim of PSHE education is to help pupils and young people understand and value themselves as individuals and as responsible and caring members of society. We want our pupils to like themselves and to feel confident. To this end we will:

- promote a healthy lifestyle
- prepare pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life
- offer our pupils the opportunities to achieve their physical, psychological and social potential
- promote attitudes and behaviour which contribute to personal, family and community relationships
- promote positive attitudes towards equal opportunities and life in a multi-cultural society by dealing sensitively with varying values, cultures and religious beliefs





- encourage the development of personal skills that enable pupils and young people to function successfully as members of society.
- ensure that pupils are able to understand and respond to risk, for example risks associated with extremism, new technology, substance misuse, knives and gangs, personal relationships and personal safety.

As part of our Behaviour and Relationships Policy, Great Dunmow School believes that all children and adults have the right to live in a supportive, caring environment in which pupils feel safe and free from bullying and harassment that may include cyber-bullying and prejudice-based bullying related to special educational need, sexual orientation, sex, race, religion and belief, gender reassignment or disability (as defined in the Equality Act 2010), and the use of discriminatory language. Bullying can occur through several types of anti-social behaviour.

Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural Development (SMSC)

In our school we plan and provide effectively in order to develop pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural awareness. Pupils of all faiths and belief systems are encouraged to strive for academic excellence and a spirit of open and shared enquiry, whilst developing their individual potential and qualities of character so they can make a positive contribution to the world. Whilst SMSC is integral to all aspects of our curriculum, PSHE education and religious education make a strong contribution. Pupils are led towards distinguishing right from wrong and towards acting consistently with their beliefs and with a view to the consequences of their own and others' actions. In addition our school:

- Leads pupils towards becoming confident and positive contributors to their community and effective users of its
 - services and facilities according to their maturity;
- Enables pupils to gain insights into the origins and practices of their own cultures and into those of the wider community;
- Takes steps to ensure that the pupils appreciate racial and cultural diversity and avoid and resist racism, and
 ensure that pupils are able to understand and respond to risk, for example risks associated with extremism, new
 technology, substance misuse, knives and gangs, personal relationships and personal safety.

Social, moral, spiritual, cultural (SMSC) education is integral to our PSHE education programme. It pervades the whole of our teaching and learning; the ethos and life of our school. Within SMSC, our aims are to help pupils to:

- develop self-esteem and confidence;
- enable pupils to understand what is right and wrong in their school life and life outside school;
- accept responsibility for their behaviour, show initiative and contribute to the school, as well as local and wider communities;
- take part in a range of activities requiring social skills, develop leadership skills, take on and discharge efficiently
- roles and responsibilities, offer help and learn to be reliable;
- acquire knowledge; reflect on beliefs, values and more profound aspects of human experience, use their imagination and creativity, and develop curiosity in their learning;
- understand and appreciate the range of different cultures in British society and develop the skills and attitudes to enable them to take a full and active part in it;
- develop respect towards diversity in relation to, for example: gender, race, religion and belief, culture, sexual orientation, and disability;
- acquire a broad general knowledge of public institutions and services in England;
- respond positively to a range of artistic, sporting and other cultural opportunities, provided by the school,
- including, for example an appreciation of theatre, music and literature;
- overcome barriers to their learning.

Therefore the understanding and knowledge expected of the pupils in Great Dunmow School as an outcome of our positive approach to SMSC includes

An understanding of how citizens can influence decision-making through the democratic process;





- An appreciation that living under the rule of law protects individual citizens and is essential for their well-being and safety;
- An understanding that there is a separation of power between the executive and the judiciary, and that while some public bodies such as the police and the army can be held to account through Parliament, others such as the courts maintain independence;
- An understanding that the freedom to hold other faiths and beliefs is protected in law;
- An acceptance that people having different faiths or beliefs to oneself (or having none) should be accepted and tolerated, and should not be the cause of prejudicial or discriminatory behaviour;
- An understanding of the importance of identifying and combatting discrimination.

Our objectives are to:

- teach children the **FACTS** concerning their growth and development as individuals; help children to understand **CONCEPTS** such as tolerance, respect and liberty and equality;
- enable children to acquire **SKILLS** relating to personal safety, discussion and decision making, which are vital to their well-being and their interaction with others;
- encourage children to develop informed opinions and ATTITUDES for themselves about a range of personal, social and moral issues;
- nurture in children a particular set of VALUES and
- give the children the **COURAGE** to challenge stereotypes based on race, sex, disability and faith and to judge all people fairly and equally.

We provide positive experiences through planned and coherent opportunities in the curriculum, extra-curricular activities and through interactions with teachers and other adults for our pupils. Our range of artistic, sporting and other cultural opportunities is available to pupils through the curricular and extra-curricular programme, and their participation in these opportunities. We plan our personal, social and health education and citizenship through, tutorials, assemblies and 'circle time' to help our pupils acquire values and skills to enable them to develop independence and choose their path in life. We aim for our pupils to understand and appreciate the range of different cultures and faiths in modern democratic Britain. We use our schemes of work and other plans which enable pupils to develop an understanding of public services and institutions and to take their place in modern democratic British society. We provide a range of quality opportunities for pupils to take on responsibility in school and make a positive contribution to the school, local and wider communities.

PSHE education and Citizenship and inclusion:

We teach PSHE education and Citizenship to all children, regardless of their ability. Our teachers provide learning opportunities matched to the individual needs of children with learning difficulties. When teaching PSHE education and Citizenship, teachers take into account the targets set for the children in their One Plans, some of which may be directly related to PSHE education and Citizenship targets. For gifted and talented children, teachers will provide additional opportunities to take responsibility, develop leadership skills, think creatively and use their talents for the good of the class or the wider community.

Teaching and Assessment

PSHE education can be taught using a range of strategies; linked to an array of assessment methods. PSHE education is not a statutory subject and does not involve summative assessment. This means the teacher must use formative processes as assessment for learning. The majority of PSHE education lessons will involve discussion in various forms.

Role-play / Drama offers a natural medium through which children can experience explore and present ideas. Pupils can play out situations discussing possible outcomes and how the results may differ depending on the choices of others. Assessing Drama may involve the use of peer or self-evaluation. This allows pupils to know where they are in their learning, understand what they need to do to improve and how to achieve this.





Relationships and Sex Education

RSE is delivered as part of our overall PSHE curriculum and is delivered by teachers of both sexes who can move between groups to provide different perspectives from male and female points of view.

Continuity and Progression

Continuity and progression is ensured throughout Great Dunmow School by following detailed plans which have a clear progression. The plans build on previously learnt skills, knowledge and values.

Cross Curricular Links

PSHE education permeates the whole curriculum and allows many opportunities for developing links with the core and foundation subjects throughout Great Dunmow School. There are particularly strong links with the science curriculum as well as literacy, geography, history and art. Regular communication should take place between the teachers who deliver these areas of the curriculum to ensure a balanced approach and to enhance and identify the development of existing links.

Time allocation and staffing

Throughout the school, PSHE education is delivered, overtly, by the Class Teacher but also covered in key worker sessions. The curriculum that is delivered during these slots is only a small part of the physical, spiritual and moral teaching which the children receive. This is influenced by a range of factors, some of which are impossible to quantify, and, in a minority of cases, impossible to control.

The delivery of PSHE education illustrates how diverse the delivery of moral, spiritual, social and cultural issues is for the pupils. What goes on in the lessons and what the pupils take away from these sessions is based on the level of teaching given. The teaching level is a significant determining factor in the success of the PSHE education programme. The programme of study for PSHE education is based on the Jigsaw programme that is underpinned by the development of emotional and mental health.

Equal Opportunities

All activities will be planned in a way that encourages full and active participation by all pupils, irrespective of academic ability, gender, differences in culture or background.

Assessment, Recording and Reporting

Assessment in PSHE education is recognised as being different than in many other subjects. Emphasis is placed on self-assessment, review of group work, class discussion and written work which can rarely be marked in a conventional context. Marking, where necessary, should be with the pupil present so that their thoughts can be explained and explored with sensitive interchange as necessary to foster positive relationships. Various methods will be used to record pupils' work in PSHE education e.g. written, oral, photographic, artistic.

Parental and Community Involvement

Parents have the right to receive information from our school regarding PSHE education. We believe that sharing our pupils learning with parents enables children to continue their development from school into their home life. Parents are invited to join in events in school, including class assemblies, acts of worship and workshops on relevant themes. Parents are regularly informed of events and developments through our weekly newsletter. Working with parents is a vital part of the whole school approach to PSHE education and Citizenship. Outside agencies are invited into school to help with the delivery of PSHE education and Citizenship, e.g. emergency services, ministers of religion, charitable trust, community groups, etc.

Monitoring

Our monitoring will be based on observations and personal discussion so that relevant modification to Schemes of Work can be undertaken swiftly and effectively.





Student Voice

School voice representatives will be elected by their peers at the start of each academic year. The Headteacher will discuss items raised by Student Voice with the wider school population

Resources

We use the Jigsaw program which can be accessed via the online platform.

Display

A vibrant school should have displays which enhance the environment for pupils and adults alike. Members of staff are encouraged to produce displays in classrooms and public spaces showing evidence of PSHE education work as well as pupil work throughout the wider curriculum.

Learning support provision

The nature of the topic allows for a broad range of mediums for delivery. Those pupils for whom the normal academic subjects may be challenging often find they have strengths in discussion and argument about the wider world and some of the issues faced by young people today. As PSHE education is not currently examined or assessed there is no call for specific support for less able pupils or streaming, though it remains incumbent upon the session leader to ensure that all pupils are as involved as possible in the discussions and activities taking place. The Headteacher and all teachers are aware from pupils' files of any home situation or social difficulty which could make some subjects more sensitive than others.

Assessment and reporting

There is no formal assessment in PSHE education. Pupils do not have exercise books in this subject as the predominant focus is on discussion. Opportunities to assess the progress and achievements of the children exist through observation of role play, presentations and involvement in discussion. The pupils have many opportunities to reinforce work through the production of information leaflets, posters etc which can be evaluated. Where appropriate, parents will be informed of any follow up discussions they might like to have with their children. More serious concerns can be brought up at staff meeting.

Curriculum enrichment

We undertake a variety of field trips and excursions. Furthermore, we have outside speakers on a variety of topics and special workshops.

Development

- To build up a strong programme of outside speakers.
- To involve more classes in charity and community projects
- To increase training opportunities for staff in the field of delivering PSHE education activities.

This Policy will be reviewed annually.





Snapshot Jigsaw PSHE 11-16

(Updated August 2024)

Shows the summary of subject content in each Puzzle (unit)



Year/ Age	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Year 7 (11-12)	Unique me, differences & conflict, my influences, gateway emotions, belonging to a group, peer pressure, child-on-child abuse, online safety, sexting, consequences, online legislation, online identity	Bullying, prejudice & discrimination (positive and negative). Equality Act, bystanders, stereotyping, challenging influences, negative behaviour and attitudes, assertiveness, importance of being included	Celebrating success, identifying goals, employment, learning from mistakes, overcoming challenges, planning skills, safe & unsafe choices, substances, gangs, county lines, control over your life, exploitation, emergency first aid	Stress and anxiety, managing physical activity and mental health, effects of substances, legal consequences, nutrition, sleep, vaccination and immunisation, importance of information on making health choices, physical illness and medicine, mindfulness	Characteristics of healthier relationships, consent, relationships and change, emotions and conflict within friendships, child-on-child abuse, rights and responsibilities, being discerning, assertiveness, sexting, social media vs real life, fake news, authenticity	Puberty changes, reproduction facts, menstrual cycle, responsibilities of parenthood, IVF, types of committed relationships, media and self-esteem, self-image, brain changes in puberty, factors affecting moods, sources of help and support
Year 8 (12-13)	Self-identity, influences, family and identity, stereotypes, personal beliefs and judgements, managing expectations, first impressions, marriage and the law, beliefs and religions, protected characteristics, online and offline identity, active listening	Positive change made by others, how positive behaviour affects feelings of wellbeing, social injustice, inequality, community cohesion and support, multi- culturalism, diversity, race and religion, stereotypes, prejudice, LGBT+ bullying, hate crime, fear and emotions, stand up to bullying, the golden rule	Long-term goals, skills, qualifications, careers, money and happiness, ethics and mental wellbeing, budgeting, variation in income, positive and negative impact of money, online safety and legal responsibilities, gambling issues	Types of health, nutrition and exercise, cardiovascular health and diabetes. Risks, illegal and legal substances, dental health, skin health, vaccinations, peer pressure, teenage brain	Positive relationship with self, social media, managing a range of relationships, child-on-child abuse, personal space, online etiquette, online privacy, bullying and personal safety, social media issues and the law, coercion, unhealthy balance of power in relationships, sources of support	Types of close intimate relationships, legal status of relationships, behaviours in healthy and unhealthy romantic relationships, What makes a healthier relationship?, Attraction, love or lust?, pornography and the law, dealing with unwanted messages. Alcohol and the law
Year 9 (13-14)	Perceptions about intimate relationships, consent, sexual exploitation, peer approval, child-on-child abuse, grooming, radicalisation, county lines, risky experimentation, positive and negative self-identity, groups, influences, social media, abuse and coercion, coercive control in groups, fitting in	Protected characteristics, Equality Act, phobic and racist language, legal consequences of bullying and hate crime, sexism, ageism, positive and negative language, banter, child-on-child abuse, bullying in the workplace, direct and indirect discrimination, harassment, victimisation. Prejudice, discrimination and stereotyping	Personal strengths, health goals, SMART planning, the world of work, links between body image and mental health, non-financial dreams and goals, mental health and ill health, media manipulation, self-harm, self-esteem, stigma, anxiety disorders, eating disorders, depression	Misperceptions about young peoples' health choices, physical and psychological effects of drugs and alcohol, alcohol and the law, alcohol and drug poisoning, addiction, smoking, vaping, drug classification, supply and possession legislation, emergency situations, first aid, CPR, substances and safety, sources of advice and support, mental health first aid	Healthy relationships, power and control in intimate relationships, risk in intimate relationships, importance of sexual consent, assertiveness skills, sex and the law, pornography and stereotypes, contraception choices, age of consent, family planning, consequences of unprotected sex, STIs, support and advice services	Mental health stigma, triggers, support strategies, managing emotional changes, resilience and how to improve it, importance of sleep in relation to mental health, reflection on changes, benefits of relaxation, self expression, influences, body image
Year 10 (14-15)	Human rights, societal freedom, understanding safety in UK and beyond, ending relationships safely, stages of grief, loss and bereavement, child-on-child abuse, social media and culture, use of online data, threats to online safety, online identity, assessing and managing risk, the law and social media risk and emergency contacts, positive and negative relationships, GDPR, managing screentime, sharing/enhancing of images, managing different types of relationships	Equality in the workplace, in society, in relationships, Equality Act, disability and hidden disability, workplace expectations, rights and responsibilities, power and control in relationships, coercive control, benefits of multi-cultural societies, equality and inequality, my health	Impact of physical and mental health in reaching goals, resilience, work-life balance, connections and impact of mental health. Balanced diet, vital organs, blood donation, benefits of helping others. Online profile and impact on future goals and employability	Improving health, mental health, sexual health, blood-borne infections, self-examination. Diet and long-term health, misuse of prescription drugs, substances and the body. Common mental health disorders, positive impact of volunteering. Common threats to health including chronic disease. Epidemics, misuse of antibiotics, organ donation, stem cells	Sustaining long-term relationships, intimacy, healthy relationship with self, attraction, love, lust. Relationship choices, ending relationships safely, consequences of relationships ending, pornography vs real life, relationships and the media, discernment, healthier and less healthy relationships, coercion, abuse and the law, acceptable and unacceptable behaviours	Impact of societal change on young people, role of media on societal change, reflection on change so far and how to manage it successfully. Decision-making, stereotypes in romantic relationships, sexual identity and risk, physical and emotional changes, family change, sources of support, personal safety, cycling, water safety, alcohol, transport
Year 11 (15-16)	Becoming an adult, age limits and the law, relationships and the law, consent, coercive control, child-on-child abuse, domestic abuse, honourbased, violence, arranged and forced marriages, the Equality Act, county lines, possession of drugs. The law on internet use and pornography, social media concerns, sexting keeping safe, emergency situations, key advice, first aid, scenarios and consequences		Anxiety, solution focused thinking, sleep, relaxation, aspirations on; career, finances, budgeting, borrowing. Skills identification, realistic goals, gambling, financial pressure, debt, dream jobs, skills set, employment, education and training options. Long term relationship dreams and goals, parenting skills and challenges. Resilience, what to do when things go wrong.	Managing anxiety and stress, self-worth, identity, sleep, nutrition, exercise and mental health. Relationships and consent, being ready for sex, coercion, sexual harassment and violence. Puberty, hormones, fertility, testicular checks, menstrual cycle, IVF. Contraceptives and sexual health. Pregnancy choices including adoption, abortion, bringing up a baby. Heatth choices, mental, physical, sexual health	Stages of intimate relationships, positive and negative connotations of sex. Gender identity and sexuality, LGBT+ rights and protection under the Equality Act, coming out challenges, LGBT+ media stereotypes. Balance of power in relationships, FGM, breast ironing, challenging harmful social and cultural norms. Staying true to yourself in a relationship	

Great Dunmow School is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all staff and volunteers to share this commitment. It is out aim that all students fulfil their potential

Version 3 Review date: September 2025 Print Date: September 2023